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1.5 PRICE ELASTICITY OF DEMAND: EXAM PRACTICE QUESTIONS

Answer the questions that follow.

1. IB ECONOMICS PAPER 1 EXAMINATION QUESTIONS

- Explain **four** factors that determine how elastic or inelastic the demand for a good will be. **[10 marks]**
- Evaluate the decision of taxi drivers to increase the price of taxi fares to increase revenues as a response to increases in the price of petrol. **[15 marks]**
- Using diagrams, explain why the price elasticity of demand for primary commodities is often relatively low, compared to that of manufactured goods. **[10 marks]**
- Examine the validity of the following statement: "A firm can expect to increase its total revenues and maximise profits by increasing the price of the good or service sold." **[10 marks]**
- Use the concept of price elasticity of demand to evaluate a government's decision to impose an indirect tax on new yachts rather than packets of cigarettes. **[15 marks]**

2. IB ECONOMICS HL PAPER 3 EXAMINATION QUESTIONS

Question One

[25 marks]

Table 1: Demand schedule for good A

Unit price (\$)	30	25	20	15	10	5
Qd (per month)	5	10	15	20	25	30
Total revenue						

Table 1 above is the demand schedule for good A.

- Plot the demand curve for good A. [1 mark]
- Calculate the price elasticity of demand (PED) for a price increase from \$5 to \$10. [2 marks]
- Calculate the price elasticity of demand (PED) for a price increase from \$20 to \$25. [2 marks]
- Use data from calculations in (b) **and** (c) to explain what happens to the PED for a good on a linear demand curve. [2 marks]
- Calculate the total revenue associated with each price of good A. [2 marks]
- Using concepts of price inelastic **and** price elastic demand **and** data from (c) to explain the effect on total revenue of a price increase from \$20 to \$25. [3 marks]
- Using concepts of price inelastic **and** price elastic demand **and** data from (c) to explain the effect on total revenue of a price increase from \$5 to \$10. [3 marks]
- Calculate the percentage change in the quantity demanded if $PED = 2$ and a 10% increase in the price of the good. [2 marks]
- Calculate the percentage change in the price if $PED = 2$ and there is 10% increase in the quantity demanded of the good. [2 marks]
- State the values of perfectly inelastic and perfectly elastic demand, and sketch diagrams to illustrate their differences. [4 marks]
- Explain the effect of a price increase of 10% when $PED = 0$. [2 marks]

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Exam Practice Questions: 1.5: Price Elasticity of Demand

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